In the article by Moon et al, which appeared in the February 2012 issue of the journal (Arterioscler Thromb Vasc Biol. 2012;32:236–246. DOI: 10.1161/ATVBAHA.111.241356), an incorrect figure appeared for Figure 5. The correct figure and its legend appear below. The online version has been corrected.

Figure 5. Treatment of floxed mice with Srebpr-1c ASO before acute depletion of hepatic Pten blocks the increase in hepatic triglycerides (TG) but does not result in decreased apolipoprotein B (apoB) secretion. Floxed mice were pretreated for 4 weeks with Srebpr-1c ASO before being injected with recombinant adenovirus containing either Cre (Cre) or Gfp (Gfp). Studies were performed 4 days after injection of virus. A, Insulin signaling was increased significantly in mice receiving Cre adenovirus as assessed by the phospho-v-akt murine thymoma viral oncogene homolog (AKT), (p-AKT)/AKT ratio. B, Srebpr-1c and Fas gene expression were not increased in ASO-pretreated mice receiving Cre adenovirus. C, Hepatic TG levels were not significantly increased and were in the normal range in ASO-pretreated mice receiving Cre adenovirus. D, TG secretion was not significantly increased in ASO-pretreated mice receiving Cre adenovirus. E and F, Secretion rates of apoB100 and apoB48 were not affected in ASO-pretreated mice receiving Cre adenovirus. n=3 for each group. *P<0.01.
Correction

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